

Runway Grooving, Norman Wells, NWT







Presentation Outline

- Project timeline
- User concerns
- Problem
- Options
- Grooving
- Results and recommendations





Timeline

- 1. Paved in 2006
 - High fines content in aggregate
 - High asphalt content -> smooth surface
 - Paver left ruts along wheel paths
- 2. May 05, 2007 B737 hydroplaned
- 3. Summer 2007 paving contractor patched ruts
- 4. April 22, 2010 B737 hydroplaned
- 5. July 2010 conducted runway friction and texture testing
- 6. Researched remediation options
- 7. July 06, 2011 B737 hydroplaned
- 8. July 14, 2011 B737 hydroplaned
- 9. July 26, 2011 started cutting grooves





User Concerns



Hydroplaning/ Wet Friction





Incident One

5 May 2007

A B737-200 hydroplaned landing on Runway 27.

- METAR CYVQ 051700Z 15002KT 2 1/2SM -SN OVC020 M00/M03
- The runway was wet with a trace of slush
- One thrust reverser did not deploy
- The aircraft stopped with around 30 m to spare.







Summer 2007 - Ruts







Summer 2007 - Patches





Incident Two

22 April 2010

A B737-200 landing on Runway 27 complained of poor braking.

- METAR CYVQ 221700Z 00000KT 15SM -DZ 0VC025 04/02
- Pilot reported poor braking in patched area
- Runway was bare and wet
- Flight was heavier than usual.





Problem Assessment

- Friction survey
- Texture survey
- Cross-slope survey





Friction Survey



Testing Apparatus





Friction Survey



GripTester

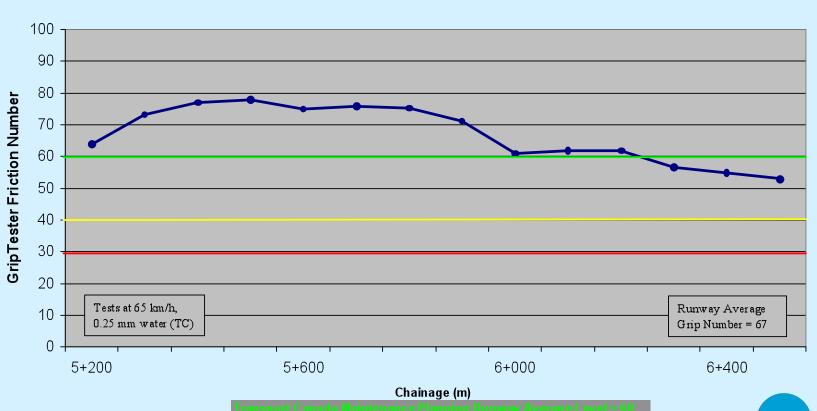




Friction Survey Results

Norman Wells Airport

Runway 09-27, July 5-6 2010 [3m L & R of CL, 0.25mm water]



Transport Canada Maintenance Planning Runway Average Level = 60
Transport Canada Minimum 100 m Maintenance Planning Level = 40
Transport Canada Minimum 100m Action Level = 30





Friction Survey Results

Norman Wells Airport Runway 09-27, July 5-6 2010 [Multiple Offsets, 0.25mm water]



Transport Canada Maintenance Planning Runway Average Level = 60 Transport Canada Minimum 100 m Maintenance Planning Level = 40 Transport Canada Minimum 100m Action Level = 30





Texture Survey

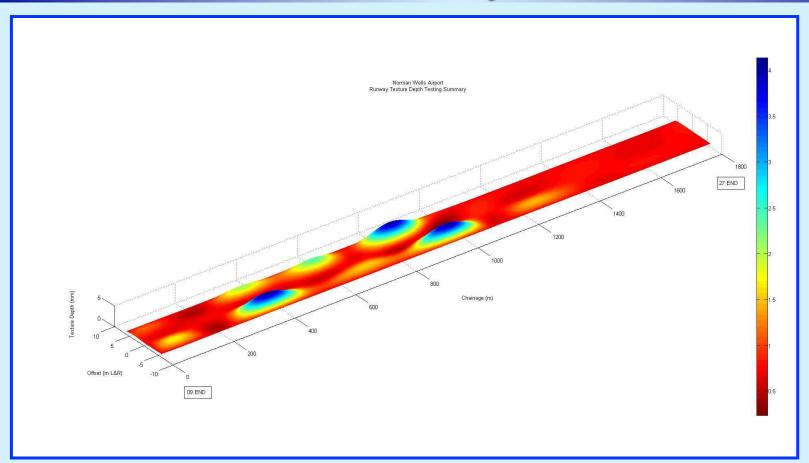


ASTM E2380-05 Outflow Meter





Texture Survey Results







Cross-Slope Survey

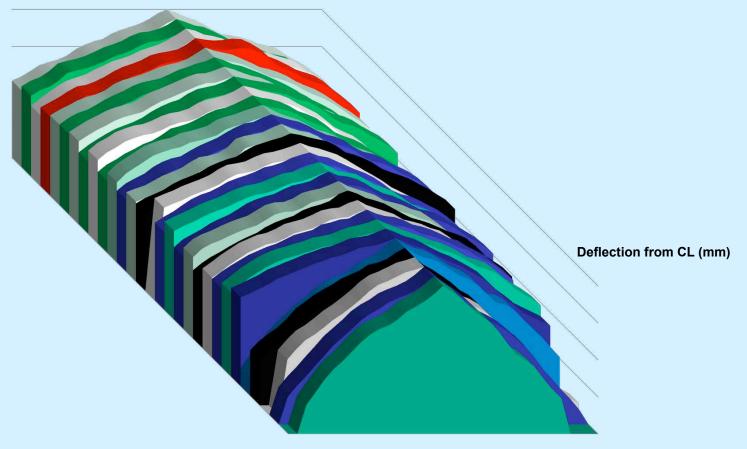


October 2010





Cross-Slope Survey



Threshold Runway 27





Friction Improvement Options

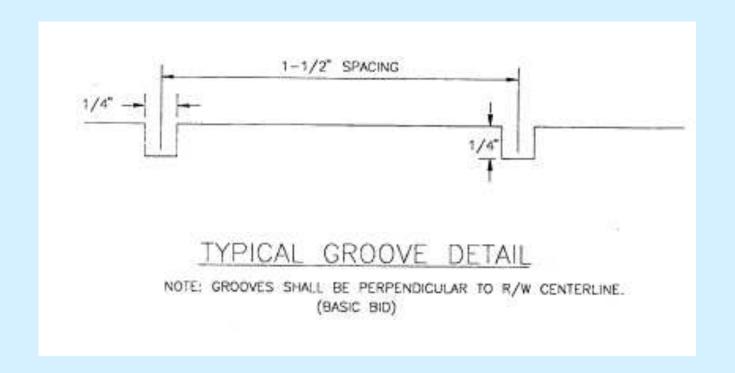
CYVQ IMPROVEMENT OPTIONS: COST COMPARISONS

Treatment	Shotblasting	Standard Grooves	Trapezoidal Grooves	Diamond Grinding
cost estimate	\$242,099	\$181,357	\$205,624	\$437,224
recurrence	3	15	15	5
costlyear	\$80,700	\$12,090	\$13,708	\$87,445





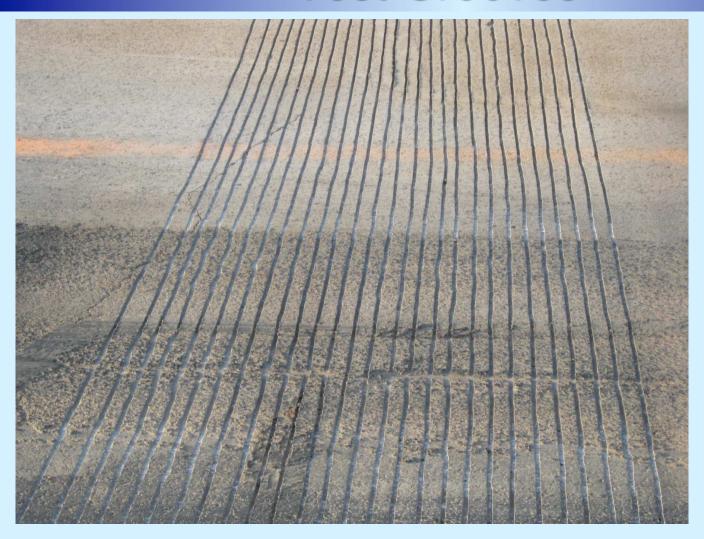
Groove Profile







Test Grooves

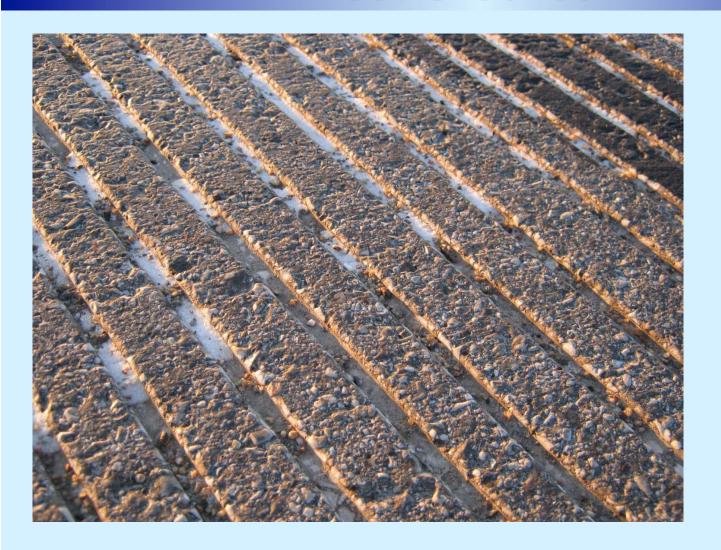


October 2010





Test Grooves



January 2011





Decision

- Tender for grooving closed 25 May 2011
- Contractor was delayed at USA/Canada border
- Results from delay:
 - 6 July 2011: Incident Three: B737-200 hydroplaned landing Runway 27.
 - 13 July 2011: TC issued a Program Validation Inspection requiring a Corrective Action Plan regarding the runway surface.
 - 14 July 2011: Incident Four: B737-200 hydroplaned landing Runway 09.
- 26 July 2011—began work of grooving contract.





Cutting Grooves



July 2011





Cutting Grooves



July 2011





Cutting Grooves



July 2011





Results of Grooving - Summer

- Airlines are pleased. Friction has improved and there have been no more incidents.
- Grooved areas dry quickly after the rain.
- Sweeping during and after rain storms is no longer required.





Results of Grooving - Summer



- 8 May 2012
- Grooved area dry, non-grooved area still wet.





Results of Grooving - Winter

- Friction index was .05-.08 higher where grooved.
- Only used 65 tonnes of sand (typical use is 100 T).
- No chemicals used this winter
- CRFI improved more quickly during sweeping.
- Ice came off the surface more easily.
- Runway dried more quickly after wet snow and slush.
- Favourable feedback from the airlines.





Some Issues

- Damage to runway crown from snow removal.
- Under icy conditions, aircraft had difficulty turning on the threshold areas which were not grooved.
- Snow compacts in grooves but comes out with sweeping.
- This winter season we went through 3 cores of brushes. The normal was 2 cores per year.
- Grooves are gone in some of the runway patch areas.





Damage at Runway Crown







Ungrooved Areas are Slippery



- 5 May 2012
- Ungrooved
 Threshold 27 is slippery.
- CRFI .35 in this location.
 Temperature -4°C



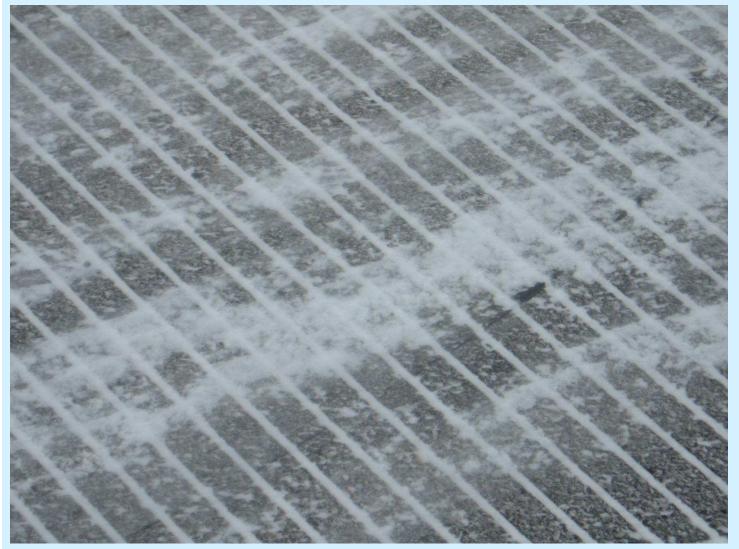




- 5 May 2012
- First sweeper pass
- CRFI .42 Temp. -4°C



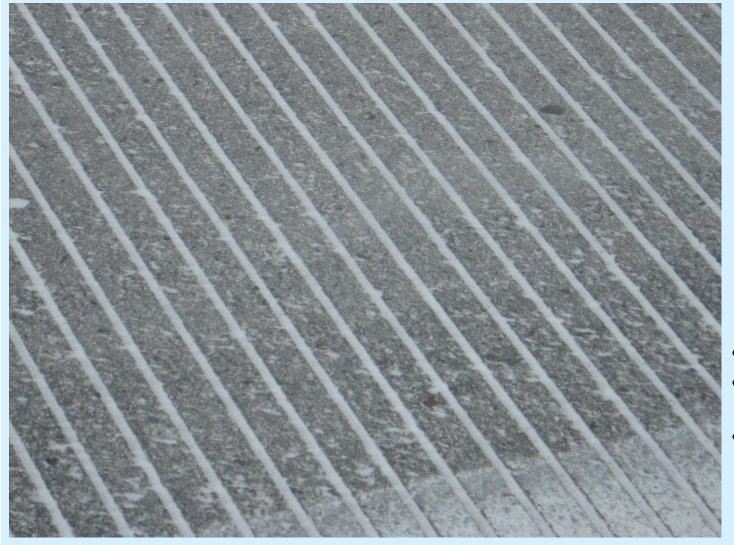




- May 05, 2012
- First sweeper pass--detail



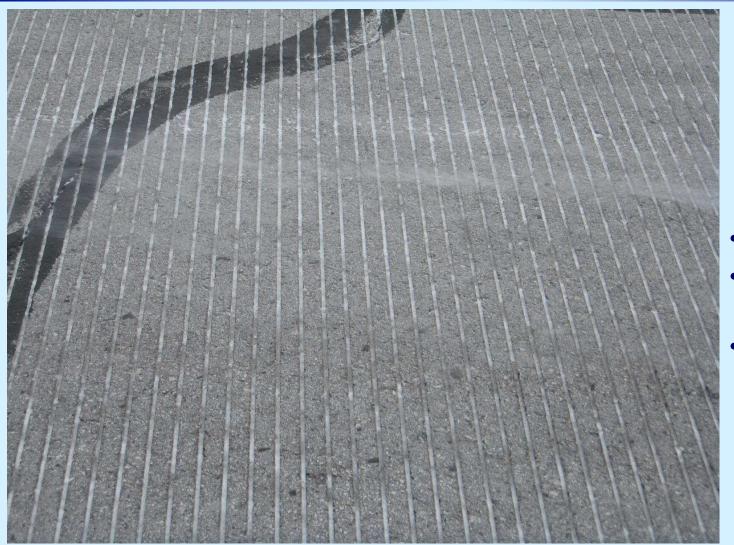




- May 05, 2012
- Second sweeper pass
- CRFI .57 -1°C







- 5 May 2012
- Third sweeper pass
- Most of the compact snow is gone





Increased Broom Wear



Still on the broom
10 May 2012 (using every inch)





Wear at Patch Edges



10 May 2012





Recommendations for Future Grooving

- Could we use grooves to improve winter friction elsewhere?
- Grooving should be done the same or following year of resurfacing of runway.
- Monitor the grooves during warm weather to see if there is any damage done by aircraft turning.





The End—Questions?



